

Science and Technology Research Partnership for Sustainable Development : **SATREPS**



The 3rd Japan-Peru Workshop on Enhancement of Earthquake and Tsunami Disaster Mitigation Technology

Development of Structural Testing Systems in CISMID



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Building Group G3 Structural Behavior of low ductility Concrete Wall



Japanese Team

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This walls are widely used on Middle rise buildings





Low ductility wall: main differences



Low ductility wall :main differences



Low ductility wall :main differences

3 construction



X ▼Massive, continuous placement: joint at base of wall, hole air bags (cangrejeras) ok ▲ Fluid concrete with fibers

Reduce total time of construction

One day, one story: walls and slabs placed at once

(RC : walls, then slabs)



Why to study this walls

- During 1998 to 2003 non regulation was applied in the construction of this kind of wall due to were not consider shear walls. The application was on 5 story buildings, however many constructors start to build structures of 12, 14 and 16 stories, just like that, without confinement columns.
- On 2003 the NTE-060 Peruvian Concrete Standard include recommendations for construction of this kind of walls.
- Stiffness contribution of the perpendicular wall is need in order to know the inelastic behavior under lateral load with and without perpendicular wall.
- Check the new equipment received by UNI from SATREPS project.
- Compare stresses levels with test results performed at Yokohama University



DRAWINGS OF SPECIMENS



ELEVACIÓN FRONTAL

ESC. 1/50





M1 (e=0.10m) ESC. 1/25

I Wall: Wall-01 & Wall-02

ELEVACIÓN LATERAL

ESC. 1/50



DRAWINGS OF SPECIMENS









SPECIMENS: I and H types

Simple : I walls (2 specimens)



SPECIMENS: I (simple) and H

With orthogonal walls : H wall (1 specimen)





Construction of Specimen



SIMPLE WALL

H type WALL



Construction of Specimen



REINFORCEMENT AND FORMS



Test Setup



Test Setup







Test of I-walls



Test: hysteresis wall-01

ADQUISITION SENSORS FOR MEASURING								
CH-NUMBER	RANGE	TIPO	UNIT	ORIGIN				
CH-0	25	ACT. 25t/4755µ	Т	AXIAL LOAD				
CH-1	50	JACK A	Т	FEEDBACK HORIZONTAL LOAD-A				
CH-2	50	JACK B	Т	FEEDBACK HORIZONTAL LOAD-B				
CH-3	100	CDP	mm	HORIZONTAL DISPLACEMENT SOUTH				
CH-4	100	CDP	mm	HORIZONTAL DISPLACEMENT NORTH				
CH-5	50	CDP	mm	HORIZONTAL DISPLACEMENT EAST H/2				
CH-6	50	CDP	mm	HORIZONTAL DISPLACEMENT WEST H/2				
CH-7	30	CDP	mm	HORIZONTAL DISPLACEMENT EAST H/6				
CH-8	30	CDP	mm	HORIZONTAL DISPLACEMENT WEST H/6				
CH-9	30	CDP	mm	VERTICAL DISPLACEMENT EAST H/6				
CH-10	30	CDP	mm	VERTICAL DISPLACEMENT WEST H/6				
CH-11	50	KY 2794µ/FS	mm	DIAGONAL DISPLACEMENT EAST				
CH-12	50	KY 2819µ/FS	mm	DIAGONAL DISPLACEMENT WEST				
CH-13	30	КҮ	mm	HORIZONTAL DISPLACEMENT EAST H/6 CENTER				
CH-14	30	KY	mm	HORIZONTAL DISPLACEMENT WEST H/6 CENTER				
CH-15	10	CDP	mm	HORIZONTAL DISPLACEMENT EAST BOTTON BASE				
CH-16	50	CDP	mm	VERTICAL DISPLACEMENT WEST				
CH-17	50	CDP	mm	VERTICAL DISPLACEMENT WEST				
CH-18	50	CDP	mm	VERTICAL DISPLACEMENT EAST				
CH-19	50	CDP	mm	VERTICAL DISPLACEMENT EAST				
CH-20-ST 07	2000	gage factor 2.08	μ	EAST \$ 1/2 BORDES				
CH-21-ST 08	2000	gage factor 2.08	μ	EAST 🖗 MALLA DE MURO				
CH-22-ST 09	2000	gage factor 2.08	μ	EAST 🕈 MALLA DE CIMENTACION				
CH-23-ST 10	2000	gage factor 2.08	μ	WEST & MALLA DE CIMENTACION				
CH-24-ST 11	2000	gage factor 2.08	μ	WEST 🕈 MALLA DE MURO				
CH-25-ST 12	2000	gage factor 2.08	μ	WEST Ø 1/2 BORDES				
CONTROL SENSORS FOR DRIVE JACKS ON CONTROLLER								
CH-MONITOR	RANGE	TIPO	UNIT	ORIGIN				
CH-1	50	JACK A	Т	FEEDBACK HORIZONTAL LOAD-A				
CH-2	100	CDP	mm	JACK CONTROL MASTER				
CH-3	50	JACK B	Т	FEEDBACK HORIZONTAL LOAD-B				
CIL A								







Cyclic Test: cracks on wall-01



Drift:. 1/549





AGRIETAMIENTO MURO 1 Cara Sur _{Drift:. 1/280}
> AGRIETAMIENTO MURO 1 Cara Sur

Drift:. 1/200



Cyclic Test : cracks on wall-01



AGRIETAMIENTO MURO 1 Cara Sur _{Drift:. 1/200}



AGRIETAMIENTO MURO 1 Cara Sur _{Drift:. 1/154}



Wall-01- Final State





Wall-01- Final State







Test: hysteresis wall-02

ADQUISITION SENSORS FOR MEASURING								
CH-NUMBER	RANGE	TIPO	UNIT	ORIGIN				
CH-0	25	ACT. 25t/4755µ	Т	AXIAL LOAD				
CH-1	50	JACK A	Т	FEEDBACK HORIZONTAL LOAD-A				
CH-2	50	JACK B	Т	FEEDBACK HORIZONTAL LOAD-B				
CH-3	100	CDP	mm	HORIZONTAL DISPLACEMENT SOUTH				
CH-4	100	CDP	mm	HORIZONTAL DISPLACEMENT NORTH				
CH-5	50	CDP	mm	HORIZONTAL DISPLACEMENT EAST H/2				
CH-6	50	CDP	mm	HORIZONTAL DISPLACEMENT WEST H/2				
CH-7	30	CDP	mm	HORIZONTAL DISPLACEMENT EAST H/6				
CH-8	30	CDP	mm	HORIZONTAL DISPLACEMENT WEST H/6				
CH-9	30	CDP	mm	VERTICAL DISPLACEMENT EAST H/6				
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CH-14	30	КҮ	mm	HORIZONTAL DISPLACEMENT WEST H/6 CENTER				
CH-15	10	CDP	mm	HORIZONTAL DISPLACEMENT EAST BOTTON BASE				
CH-16	50	CDP	mm	VERTICAL DISPLACEMENT WEST				
CH-17	50	CDP	mm	VERTICAL DISPLACEMENT WEST				
CH-18	50	CDP	mm	VERTICAL DISPLACEMENT EAST				
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CH-20-ST 07	2000	gage factor 2.08	μ	EAST \$ 1/2 BORDES				
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CH-23-ST 10	2000	gage factor 2.08	μ	WEST 🕈 MALLA DE CIMENTACION				
CH-24-ST 11	2000	gage factor 2.08	μ	WEST 🖣 MALLA DE MURO				
CH-25-ST 12	2000	gage factor 2.08	μ	WEST Ø 1/2 BORDES				
CONTROL SENSORS FOR DRIVE JACKS ON CONTROLLER								
CH-MONITOR	RANGE	TIPO	UNIT	ORIGIN				
CH-1	50	JACK A	т	FEEDBACK HORIZONTAL LOAD-A				
CH-2	100	CDP	mm	JACK CONTROL MASTER				
CH-3	50	JACK B	Т	FEEDBACK HORIZONTAL LOAD-B				
CH-4								









Cyclic Test : cracks on wall-02







AGRIETAMIENTO MURO 2 Cara Sur _{Drift:. 1/280}
> AGRIETAMIENTO MURO 2 Cara Sur Drift:. 1/200



Cyclic Test : cracks on wall-02



AGRIETAMIENTO MURO 2 Cara Sur Drift:. 1/200 °°° VS°°°°°

AGRIETAMIENTO MURO 2 Cara Sur Drift:. 1/154



Wall-02- Final State





Wall-02











Building Group G3 On line real time Vibration Monitoring System in Peru



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NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF ENGINEERING FACULTY OF CIVIL ENGINEERING JAPAN-PERU CENTER FOR EARTHQUAKE ENGINEERING RESEARCH AND DISASTER MITIGATION - CISMID

ITK Sensor Monitoring Network







Capture Signal at Structural Lab CISMID-FIC-UNI



Sensors - testing local network

At Laboratory rooms building

3rd Floor: top of bldg, 3 places

2nd Floor: office room

1st Floor: Control room

CONCLUSIONS

- New equipment was implemented in the structural Lab of CISMID.
- A program for test Two I walls and One H wall has been initiated.
- Results of the first the walls provide information to continue the study of the behavior of low ductility wall.
- Next step is the research of the influence of perpendicular wall on low ductility specimens.
- The results will complement our Japanese counterparts research and we can discuss in order to learn about the influence of the flange to web wall.

