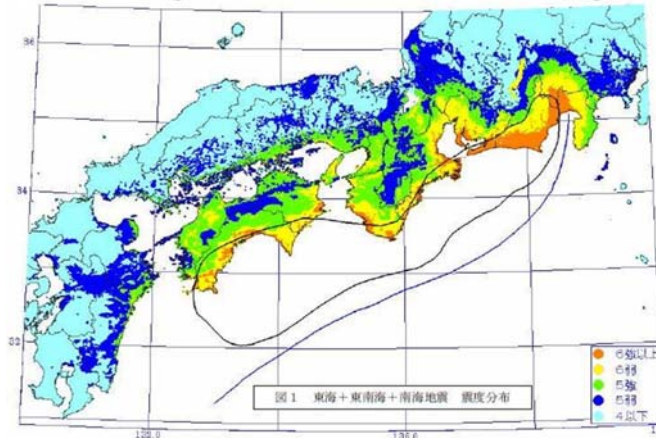
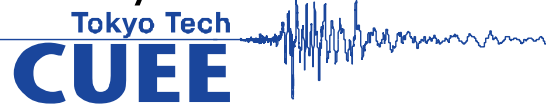


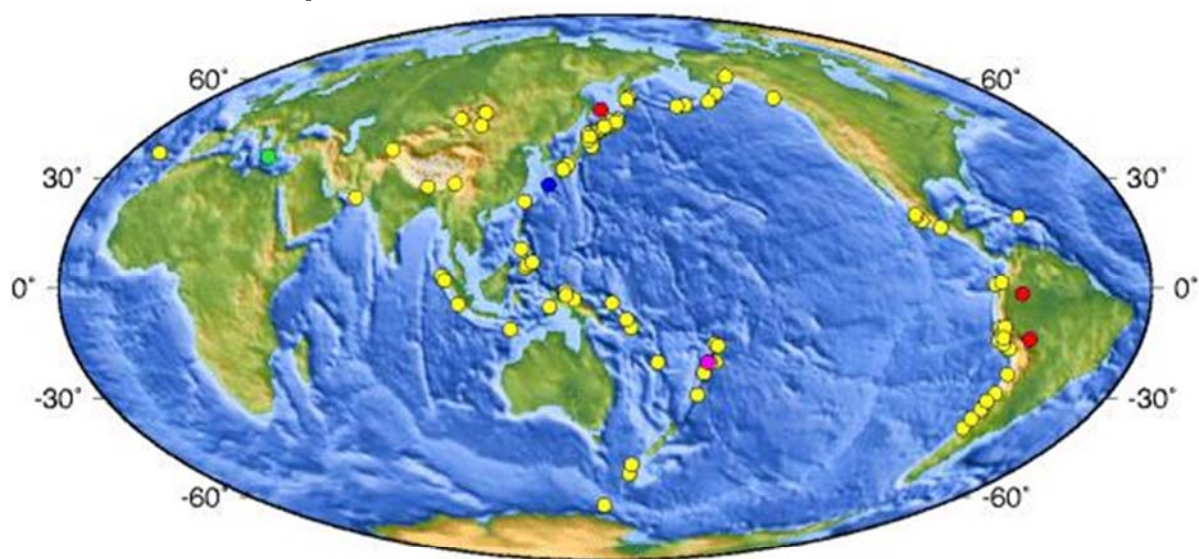
Effects of Long Period Ground Motion from Gigantic Earthquakes to High-rise Buildings



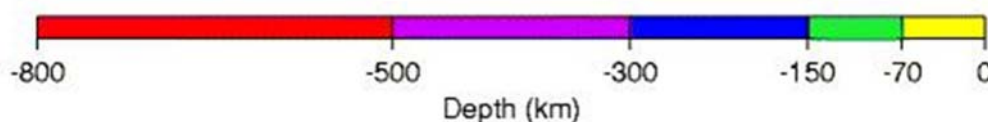
Prof. S. Midorikawa
Center for Urban Earthquake Engineering
Tokyo Institute of Technology



Japan has suffered gigantic subduction earthquakes as well as Peru and Chile.



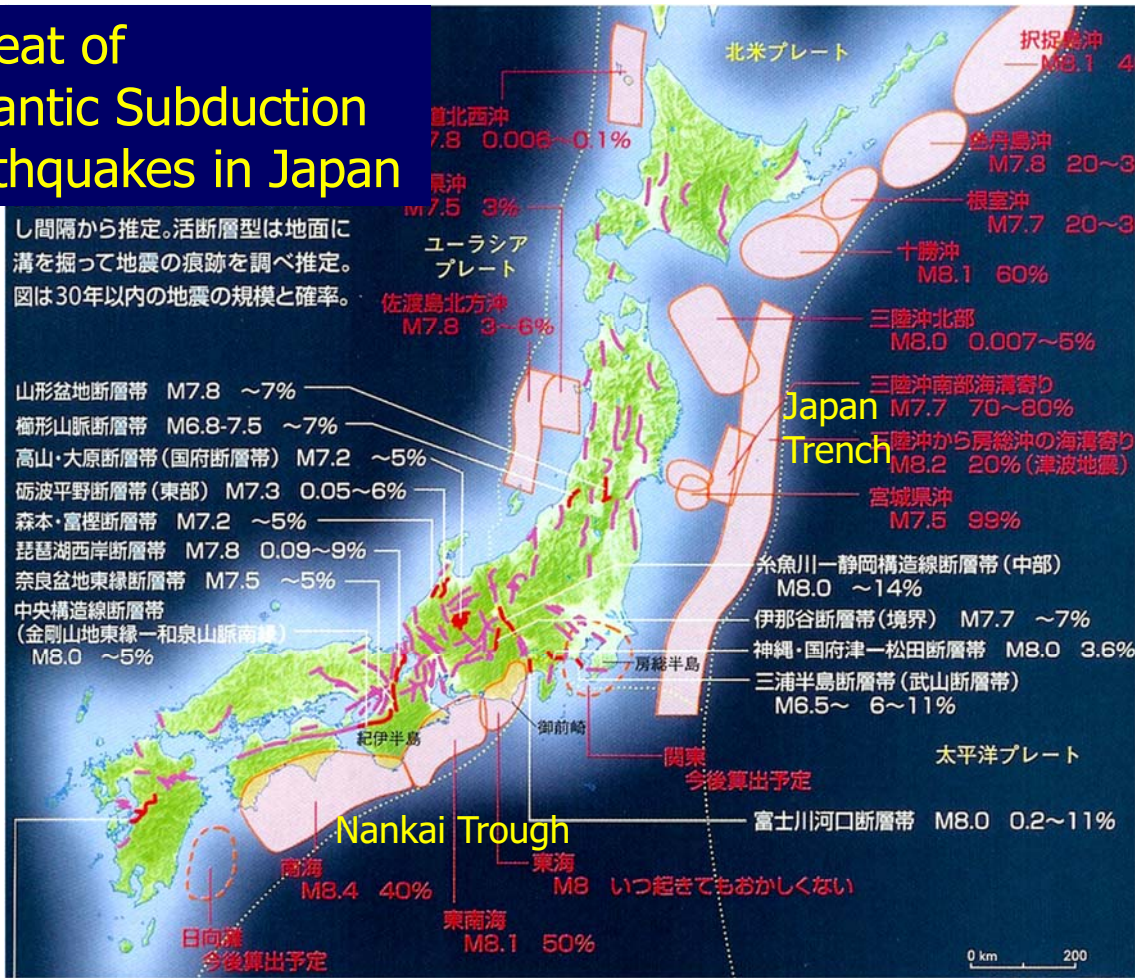
Magnitude 8.0 and Greater Earthquakes Since 1900



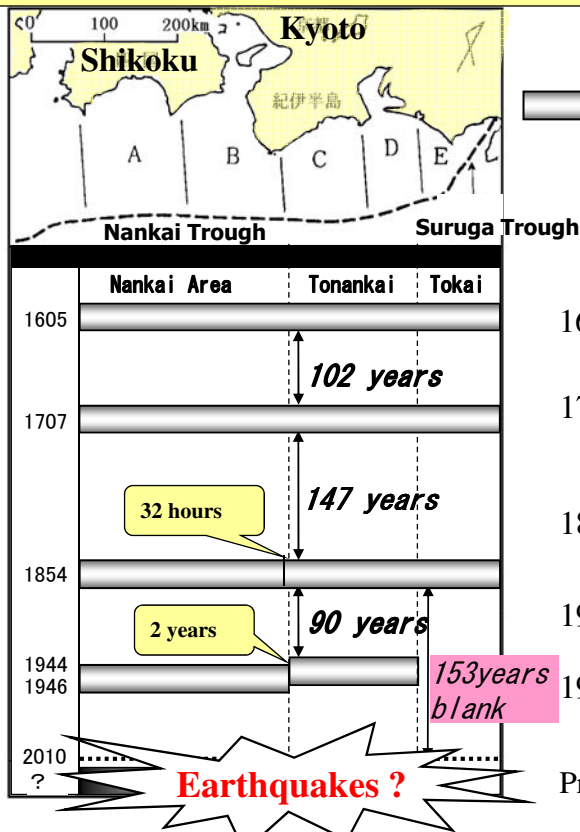
Threat of Gigantic Subduction Earthquakes in Japan

し間隔から推定。活断層型は地面に溝を掘って地震の痕跡を調べ推定。図は30年以内の地震の規模と確率。

- 山形盆地断層帯 M7.8 ~7%
- 楕形山脈断層帯 M6.8-7.5 ~7%
- 高山・大原断層帯(国府断層帯) M7.2 ~5%
- 砺波平野断層帯(東部) M7.3 0.05~6%
- 森本・富樫断層帯 M7.2 ~5%
- 琵琶湖西岸断層帯 M7.8 0.09~9%
- 奈良盆地東縁断層帯 M7.5 ~5%
- 中央構造線断層帯(金剛山地東縁-和泉山脈南縁) M8.0 ~5%



Recurrence of Tokai, Tonankai, and Nankai Earthquakes

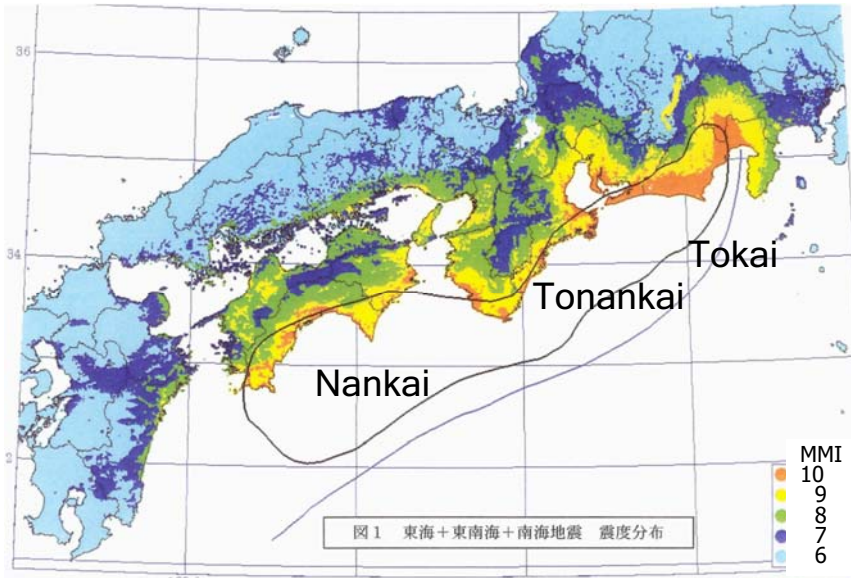


Source Region of Earthquakes

- 1605 Keicho Earthquake (M7.9)
- 1707 Hoei Earthquake (M8.4) Victim 5,038
- 1854 Ansei-Tokai Earthquake (M8.4) Victim 2,658
- 1944 Tonankai Earthquake (M7.9) Victim 1,251
- 1946 Nankai Earthquake (M8.0) Victim 1,330
- Probability of Occurrence in 30 years is 50%.

Loss Estimation for Tokai-Tonankai-Nankai Earthquake by Central Disaster Management Council

Number of Fatality: 25,000
 Heavily Damaged Houses: 550,000
 Monetary loss: 1 trillion US\$



Estimated Seismic Intensity Map

東海・東南海・南海地震同時発生時

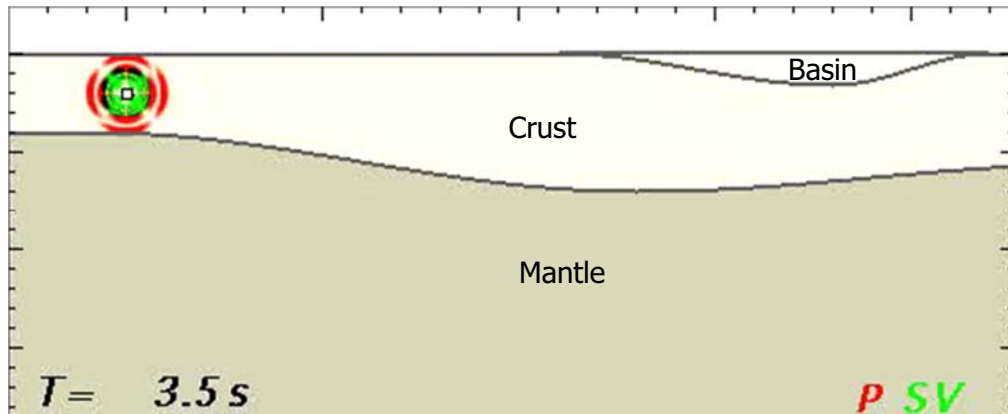
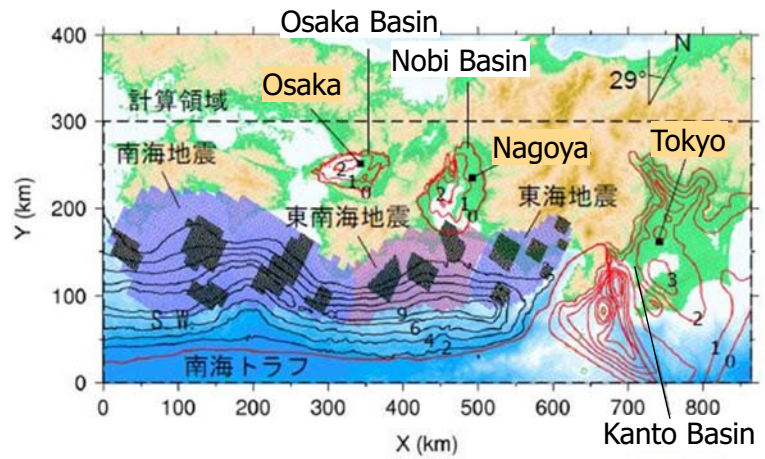
	死者数	全壊棟
数		
千葉	0	60
東京	0	40
神奈川	10	600
新潟	0	0
富山	0	0
石川	0	0
福井	0	30
山梨	200	5,100
長野	100	3,700
岐阜	30	3,900
静岡	8,100	230,000
愛知	1,900	91,000
三重	2,600	51,000
滋賀	10	1,200
京都	10	1,200
大阪	50	13,000
兵庫	100	6,100
奈良	10	1,400
和歌山	4,600	48,000
鳥取	0	0
根拠	0	0
岡山	50	5,900
広島	30	4,000
山口	10	500
徳島	1,300	15,000
香川	0	1,700
愛媛	200	4,600
高知	4,900	55,000
福岡	0	20
佐賀	0	0
長崎	0	0
熊本	0	30
大分	30	1,200
宮崎	500	3,000
鹿児島	0	0
計	25,000	550,000

5

Anticipated Disaster

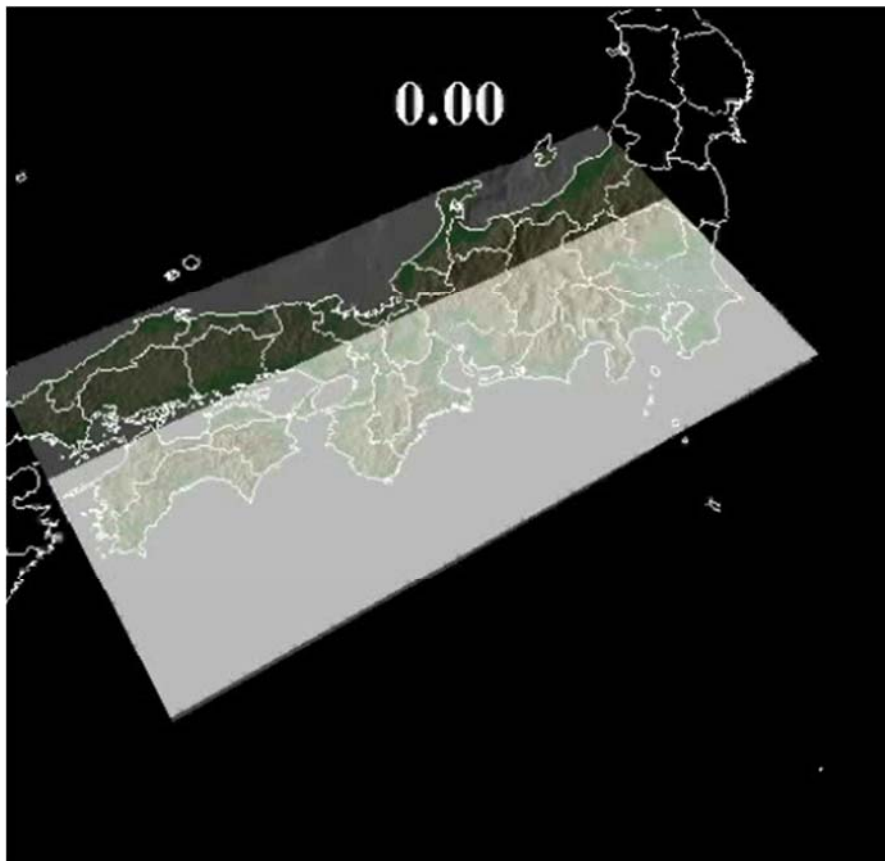
- Extensive Damage in Wide Area by Ground Shaking and Tsunami
- Effects of Long Period Ground Motion to Metropolitan Areas

Tokyo, Nagoya and Osaka Metropolitans are located on deep sedimentary basin. The depth to bedrock is 2 or 3 km. Basin-induced surface waves are easily excited in the metropolitans.



By Prof. Furumura, ERI

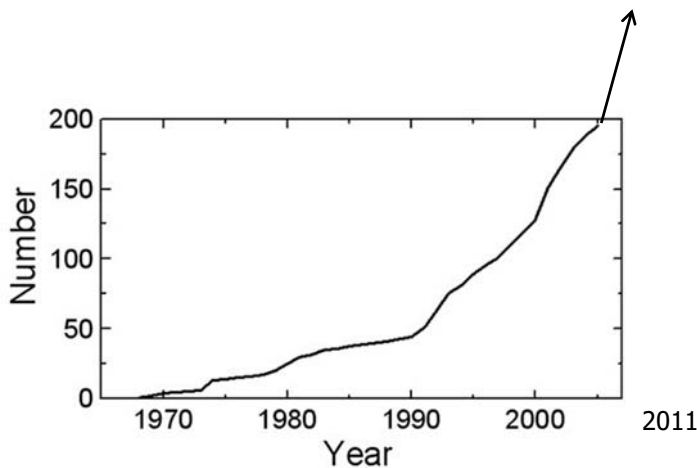
7



Yoshimura et al.(2010)

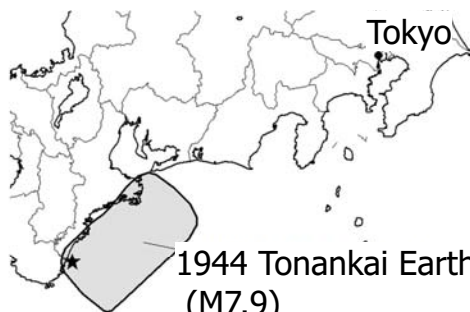
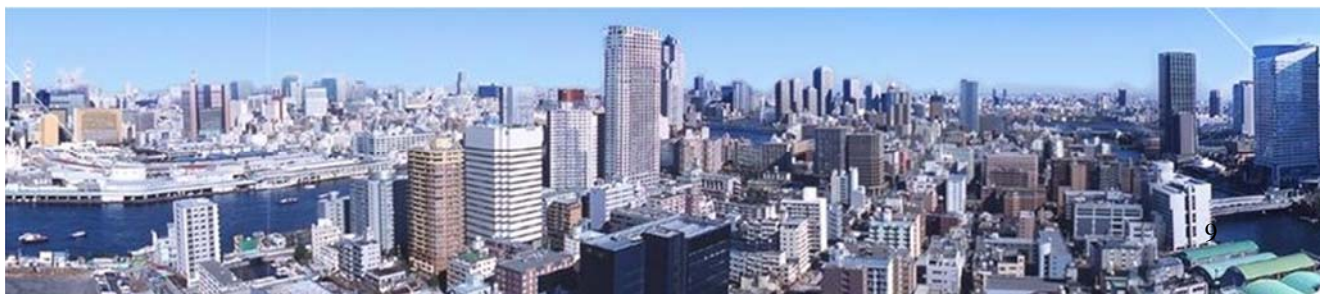
8

In metropolitan areas, number of high-rise buildings is rapidly increasing.

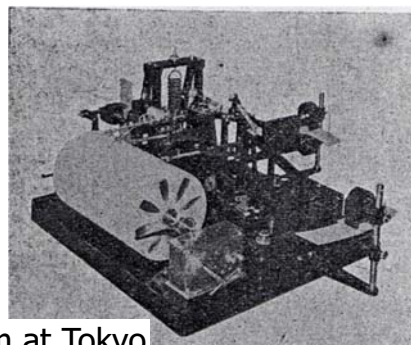


↓
Potential risk by long period motion is increasing.

Accumulated Number of High-rise Buildings (20 storeys or more) in Tokyo



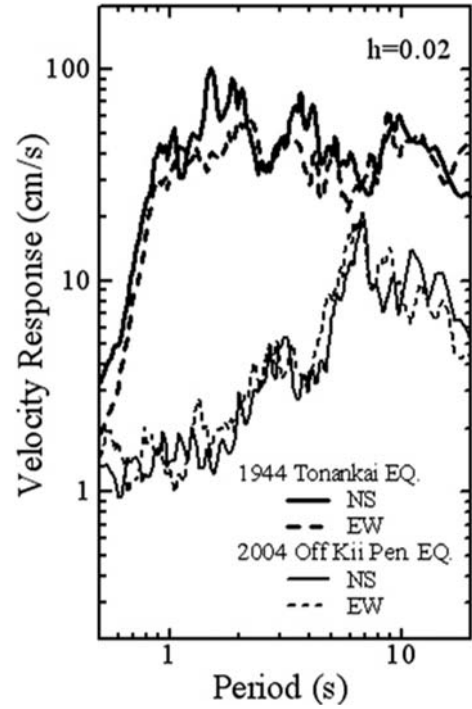
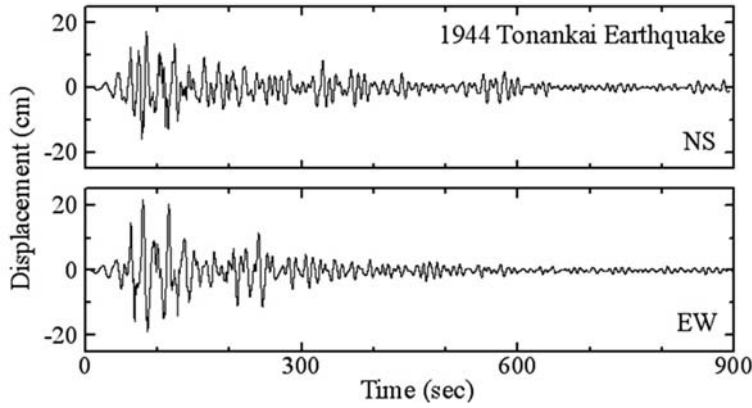
Long period motion in Tokyo



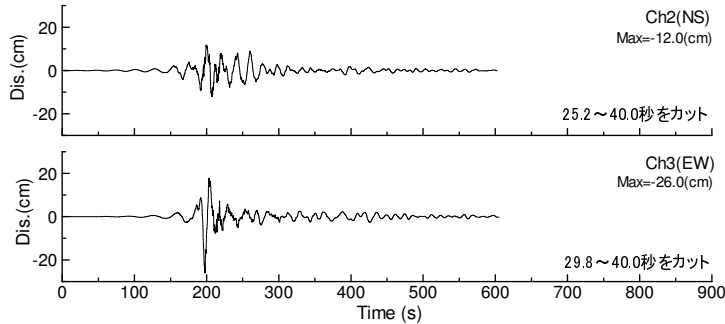
Seismogram at Tokyo



Tokyo (Deep Sediment Site), 1944 Tonankai Earthquake



Cerro El Roble (Rock Site), 2010 Chile Earthquake



11

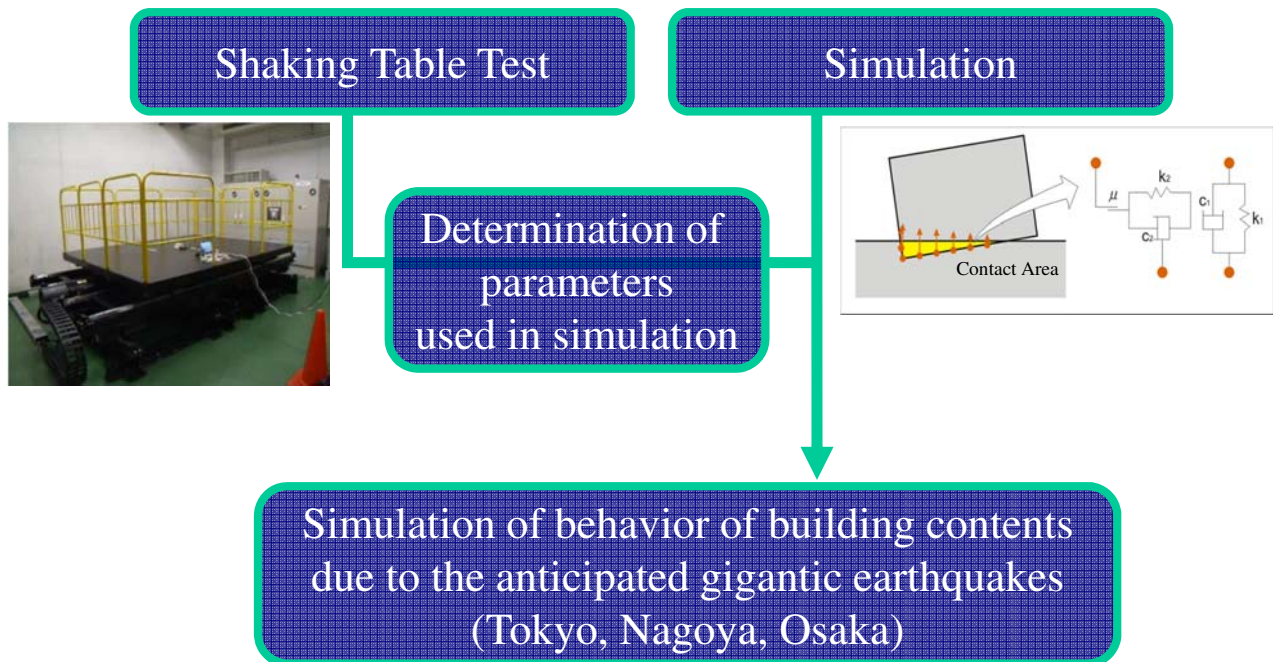
Due to the anticipated M8 Tokai earthquake, the estimated response of a 40-story building in Tokyo is about 80 cm (Architectural Institute of Japan, 2006).

Although severe structural damage to high-rise buildings may not occur, the estimated response is large enough to frighten residents, displace building contents, and interrupt elevator operation.



12

Effects to Building Contents



13

A Chest with Casters



Largely displaced by long period motion

14

A Desk with a Chair



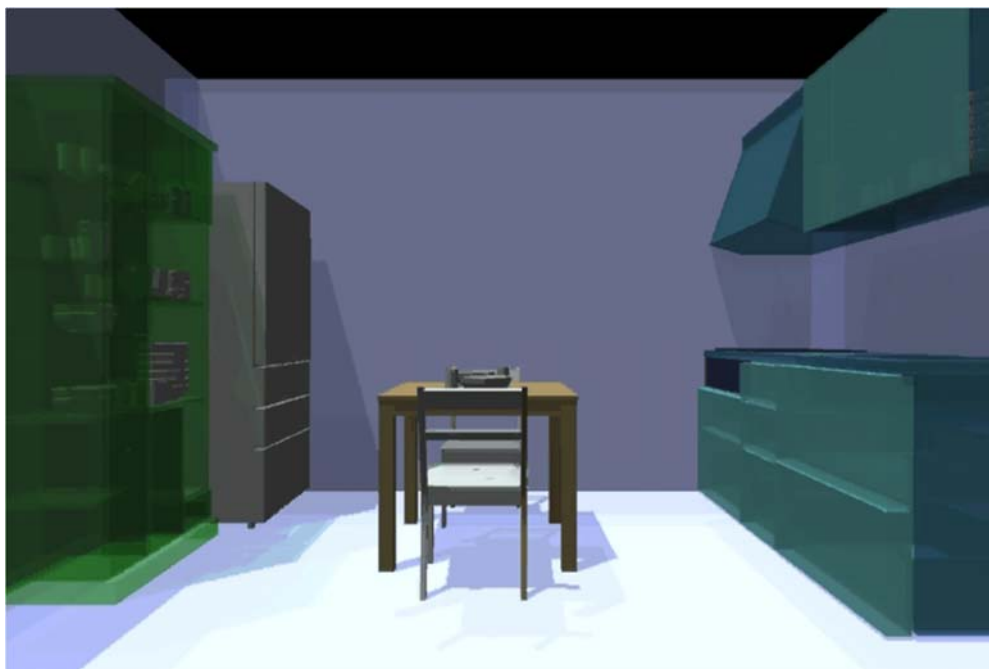
A desk pushed by a chair rotated and displaced. 15

Behavior of Office Furniture due to Long Period Shaking



Desks and cabinets continue to move around and collide against each other for long duration. The behavior of the furniture can cause fear and injury to people in the floor, and make the evacuation action difficult.

Behavior of Kitchen Furniture due to Long Period Shaking



17

Video taken at a hotel in Valdivia during the 2010 Chile earthquake



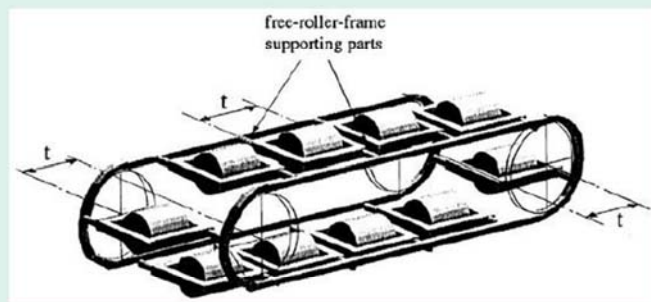
18

How is feeling of long period ground motion ?
Because we have never experience it.

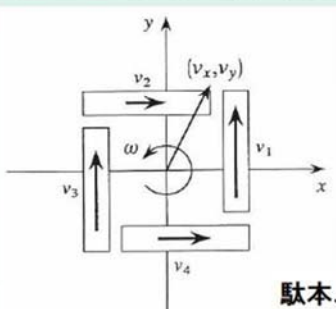


Development of Earthquake Simulator To Provide Experience of Long-period Ground Motion

19



Mechanism of Vuton Crawler

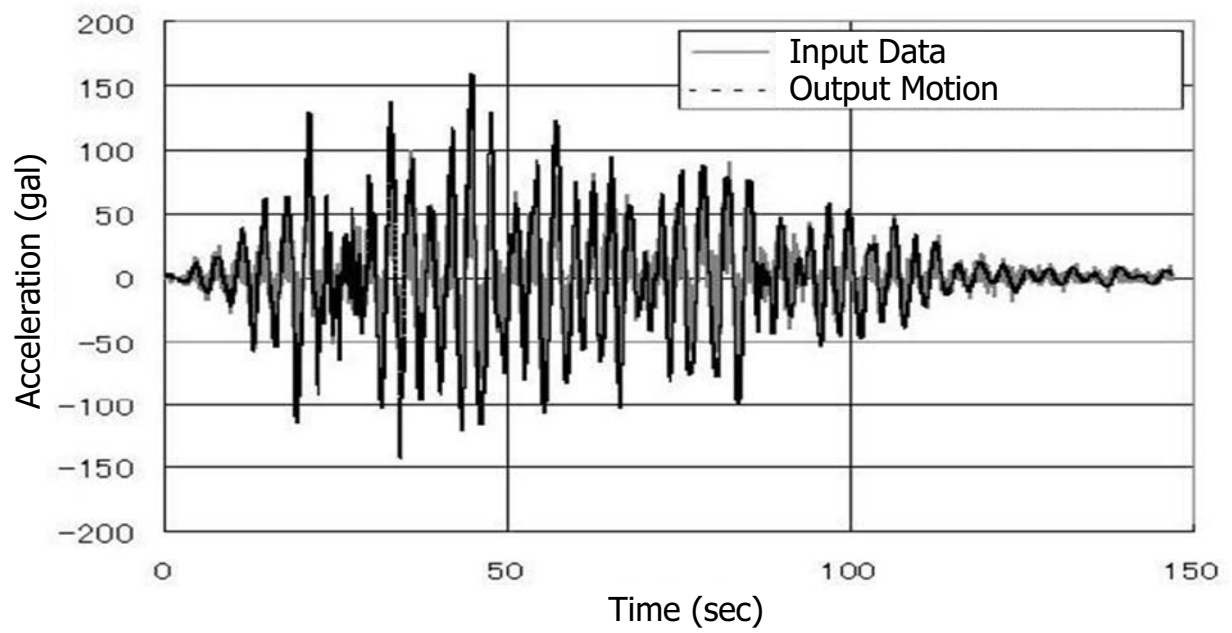


$$\begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_3 \\ v_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & r_0 \\ -1 & 0 & r_0 \\ 0 & -1 & r_0 \\ 1 & 0 & r_0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_x \\ v_y \\ \omega \end{bmatrix}$$

駄本、Cheng、広瀬(2001)より

Max. Velocity 1.3m/s

20



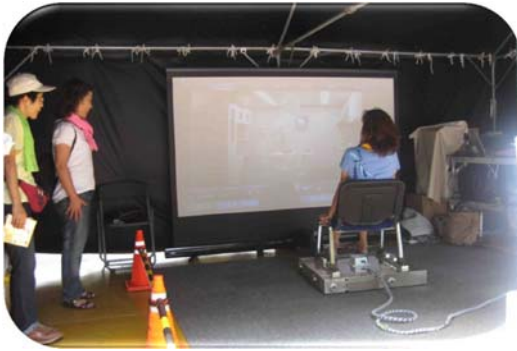
21



Experience of Long Period Motion by Earthquake Simulator

22

Demonstration at Disaster Reduction Fairs



Community Event



Kids Event



Event for Younger People



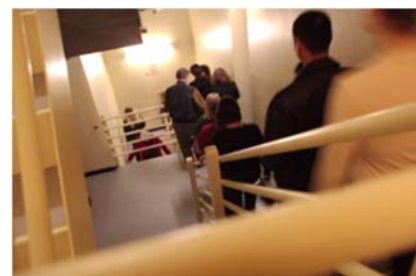
Event for Researchers

Awareness and Understanding of Risk by Long Period Motion



Planning and Enactment of Countermeasures

1. Fixing building contents,
2. Reducing building response by damping devices,
3. Early earthquake warning system,
4. Development of higher seismic resistant elevator,
5. Preparation of a manual for emergency response, and
6. Implementation of earthquake drill.



Thank you for your attention

